WHEELING, WEST VA., TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 3, 1878.

## The Intelligencer.

Wapresent to our readers this morning

President's message as sent to the two uses of Congress yesterday. It is a docent that will be read with interest inasnch as it deals largely with questions at have at this time unusual interest for public. It is a plain, practical and written document.

Akin to the message in interest is the ort of the Secretary of the Treasury, one who wishes to understand the plan ming specie payments in the next uld neglect to read what the

We GUTTENBERG retired from the editornof the German paper-the Wheeling Zitung-vesterday, and hereafte par, his late partner. The paper will

Ruise opened the campaign of 1880 in into the Senate directing the Judi spects, the rights of American This resolution will pass, and th the late election in South Caroling demands to know the full official merican politics. The only possible in 1880 is to fully expose at once to practiced in that State this year by the Shirt riders who appeared in crowds ders, and, as if that was not enough stuffed the ballot boxes full of bogus

t on the second page) does not seem any serious doubt as to his entire to maintain specie payments on dreason for his confidence. The flur attributed to an attempt on the New York Herald of Sunday refers to mempt as follows:

re market which had shown Say f credence to be lent to stree A malcontent of the Gould des on who deliberately endeavors to the execution of the nation's will

remarks corresponded exactly the INTELLIGENCER said upon me subject in vesterday's issue ion of unscrupulous men, such that end would be visited with a measure of public wrath as would ven Wall street too hot to hold such t of mercenary scoundrels.

Abraham Hewitt, the Democratic er of Congress from New York who sthe opinion, as we notice, that the atry is on the eve of an era of prosperpeater than it has ever known. This the an extravagant view of the good the same time it finds a good deal of part in the various views expressed by see well qualified to express opinions on the subjects. For instance, the last issue the wey fork Economist expresses itself blows on the condition of trade and excepted for an early advent of better

While there is a general business de resion throughout the world, it is given by the grant of a batty and per assers indications of a healthy and per harvests. at revival of trade. Richer harves were ever garnered are adding mil-to the wealth of the people. Abund-rops of corn and cotton are just being d peace and plenty are within ou ne between the depression of the and the hopefulness of the future, assured return of specie payments add to the confidence and lity of commercial affairs, and become one of the chief agencies in noting a renewed activity in trade. But the past five years insolvencies and like have been over foreign the like her because the limit of the like her beautiful and the like her beautiful and the like her because the limit of the like her because the like her becaus sing a renewed activity in tracefig the past five years insolvencies and
lares have been more frequent than inyother country: the decline in values
a las been more extreme; all classes
a las been more extreme; all classes
in exercity suffered from a commercial
dannela crisis, and the consequence
that we have reached solid rock, and
with all the debris cleared away,
are is a cheering outlook along the
look line of business. The export trade
was a continued increase, amounting for
a fixt nine months of 1878 to \$533,729,d against \$425,744,583 for the corresadults period of 1877, thus showing for
a mane months an excess of exports
at imports of \$290,130,487, or at
a rate of \$315,000,000 per annum,
a restact trade balance ever known in
thistory of the country. While all the
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that of the country while all the
anties of Europe are suffering the area. depression, here we discover the agoi a sound revival of business to that for the merchant and man that for the merchant and profits are small and fort are product are small and fortunes made in a season; but there is the that the depression is over, and a new distributed in commercial affairs, opince, case and display belong to the sid work, economy, application and ire the guides for the future. Conservations to the chief feature in trade, and under they condition it must usely a distribute to the chief feature in trade, and under the product is the conditions it must usely a manifest that we do not consider the second conservations. by conditions it must usher in a peri-

ELABELPHIA, December 2.—Daniel sty, the pedestrian, at six o'clock rening began his walk of 400 miles

BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Wood, of New York, Opens the Ball for 1880.

A Silly Attack on the President's Message---Garfield Gives Him Some Information.

Blaine Calls for an Investigation of the

Southern Elections.

## WASHINGTON.

BLAKE'S TRADE DOLLAR BILL.

Washington, December 2.—Senator lake's bill regarding the trade dollar, provides that for a period of 12 months after the passage of this act the outstanding rade dollar shall be receivable as a legal ender for all debts and demands including customs dues owing to the United States, and said trade dollar so received shall be recoined as soon as rossible into standard silver dollars of 412½ grains.

Fullowing is the public debt state

DERT BEARING INTEREST IN LAWFUL MONEY. awful money debt... DENT BEARING NO INTEREST.

10,000,000

ONDS ISSUED TO PACIFIC BAILBOAD COMPANIES-INTEREST PAYABLE IN LAWFUL MONEY 

29,389,123 COMPARATIVE CONDITION OF THE TREASUR The following is a comparison of the conditi the Treasury December 1, 1877, and December 172.

fractional currency 9,806,002 pecial deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit. 36,055,000 and allver certificates 22,891,400 lifeates 181,970,214 ... 101,578,814 

teney substanting allver coin ... 18,043,020 10,105,032 10,105 and total debt less cash in the Treasury ... 7,046,027,055 2,027,414,225 eduction of debt for Nov ... 1,525,634 Inc. 3,144,245 eduction since July1, ... 14,131,157 26,725,556 larket value of gold ... 102,457 100,257 CLAFLIN & CO. ACQUITTED.

CLAPLIN & CO. ACQUITTED.

The civil suits, United States vs. H. B. Claffin & Co., for alleged reception, purchase and concealment of large amounts of fraudulently imported silk between the years 1871 and 1874 were decided to-day in the United States Supreme Court in favor of Claffin & Co., defendants in error. The suits were for the recovery of the double value of the goods in question, and the amount involved nearly a quarter of a million of dollars. The court holds that the recovery sought, under section 2d, October, 1832, cannot be had, because that section and act were repealed by act of resents Tilden, and who has been acttechairman of the Congressional Comtecharged with the investigation of
the charged with the investigation of

templated criminal and not civil proceedings.

WITHER COMMITTEE WANT TO INVESTIGATE THE CYPER TELEGRARS—POTTER AND BUTLER—BEAUTY AND THE BEAST.

Democratic members of the Potter Investigating Committee held a private conference to-day, at which it was agreed that Chairman Potter should call a meeting of the Committee for next Thursday; also informally agreed that in case the House shall not in the meantime specially direct an investigation of the "cypher telegrams," the committee wall proceed to make an investigation of the mand all similar inaffers ander the general authority conferred on it at the last session. It is likewise the intention of a majority of the committee to take additional testimony on the subjects of inquiry and investigation which were left unimished last summer.

SENTOR HARRIS "PISTILINGE BILL.

The following is the text bill introduced by Senator Harris to-day:

Wererlask, The copidemic, which has recently prevailed in large districts of several States of the Union has been so destrictive to human life and the interests and prosperity of theywhole country, as to make it a subject of the gravest public concept, and its prevention in the future an important duty to the end that its return be prevented so far as prompt and decided to the contract of the bank on important duty to the end that its return be prevented so far as prompt and decided to the contract of the correct of the bank in 1838, or an important duty to the end that its return be prevented so far as prompt and decided to the correct of the bank in 1838, or an important duty to the end that its return be prevented so far as prompt and decided to the correct of the bank in 1838, or an important duty to the end that its return be prevented so far as prompt and decided to the correct of the bank in 1838, or an important duty to the end that its return be prevented so far as prompt and decided to the correct of the bank on 1845.

Union, and whether the light of any relations of the United States, or of any relates of such citizens was denied or abridge the dby the action of election officers in any of State, in refusing to receive their votes, gin failing to count them, or in receiving is and counting fraudulent ballots in pursu-

Union.

Resolved, That in prosecuting these in-quiries the Judiciary Committee shall have the right to send for persons and pa-

PRONUNCIAMENTO FROM THE GREENBACKERS

"YOX ET PRAFTERIA MIHIL."

The members of the Central Excecutive Committee of the National party, to-day issued an address to the people of the United States, reviewing the rise and progress of the party, predicting continued success and rapid spread of its principles, and expressing the confidence that the party will elect its candidate for the Presidency in 1880, with majorities in Congress and in nearly all the State Legislatures.

The address denounces the action of the banks in speaking through the Clearing House Association of New York, and says: The contest is not between the Republican and Democratic parties. It is between the money power and the people; between bank bills based on untaxed bonds and a government legal tender currency, and the people have no chance whatever of ever securing their emancipation from industrial thraidom either through the party of the money power, the Republican party, or its ally the Democratic party. An appeal is made for organizations in the interest of the National party in every school district, city, town and ward.

The Greenbackers held a meeting this evening, with closed doors. They claim sixteen members in the next Congress, who will act independent, not joining either party in caucus, and that this number, as the balance of power, will enable them to decide the Speakership, and claim the clerkships and chairmanships of important committees. They say that either Ewing, of Ohio, Kelly or Wright, of Penn-

ylvania, would be acceptable to them a peaker, and that their preferences are fo political information, but do not, as has been stated, intend to start here a Green

back organ.

The following resolution was adopted a Resolved, That the National party, so far as it is represented by this conference, denounces the resumption of specie payments as a fraud and delusion, impracticable in this or any civilized country; yet, if persisted in by the Secretary of the Treasury, we insist that it shall be so carried out as to be equal in its operations in all sections and to all classes, and enforced for the redemption of national bank notes as well as for legal tender notes issued by the government.

GENERAL SHERMAN ON THE INDIAN QUES A communication from Gen. Sherman

A communication from Gen. Sherman, addressed to Chairman Saunders of the Joint Committee, having under consideration the question of transferring the Indian Bureau to the War Department, was today laid before the committee. The General, after stating his readiness to respond promptly to any summons of the committee, says: "I am sure, from official and personal intercourse, that Secretary Schurz and the Commissioner of Indian affairs Hayt, have been extremely anxious to, and have labored hard for the honest administration of the affairs of the Indian Bureau. As organized by law, I personally know that Mr. Hayt went as far as he could properly go to prevent the recent removal of Red Cloud and Spotted Tail's bands of Indians from the Missouri river to their present location, which must, he thinks, certainly result in war, and that their removal resulted principally from the President's promise based on the advice of General Crook, and I further believe that both Mr. Schurz and Mr. Hayt have done all that men could do from their quarter to remove weak and dishonest agents and to replace them by honest agents. I wish you, and if proper, the public, to construe the president of the control of the control of the proper, the public, to construe the president of the control of the control of the proper, the public, to construe the president of the control of the proper.

ease to prove that the issue of notes by the Bank of Tennessee after May 6, 1801, was made for the purpose of giving aid and comfort to the insurgents, or in violation of the constitution and laws of the United States, and that consequently the contract which the State made in 1834 to take the notes of the Bank of Tennessee in payment of taxes, is and has all the time been under the protection of the East of Tennessee in payment of taxes, is and has all the time been under the protection of the East of Tennessee in payment of taxes, is and has all the time been under the protection of the East of Tennessee in payment of taxes, is and has all the time been under the protection of the East of Tennessee is therefore reversed and the cause remanded for further proceedings in accordance with this opinion, denying the assumption that the governments of the seceded States were lawful governments.

The Chief Justice also delivered a dis-

ance of a conspiracy to make lawful votes of such citizens of non-effect, and whether such citizens were prevented from exercising the elective franchise, or forced to use it against their wishes by violence or threats or hostile demonstrations of armed men or other organizations, or by any other unlawful means or practice.

Resolved, That the Judiciary Committee be further instructed to inquire and report whether it is within the competency of Congress to provide by additional legislation for a more perfect security of the right of suffrage to the citizens of the United States, in all the States of the Union.

Besided, That is a resolved to inquire and report in this case is whether the plaintiffs in error to the Surpreme Court of Tennessee. The principal question in this case is whether the plaintiffs in error can be compelled to pay taxes

people of the State, who were cognizant of the facts that issues in question after May 0, 1861, were in furtherance of the rebellion and therefore not entitled to constitute the company of the facts o

## CRIMES.

ARRESTED FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

ARGISTAD FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 2.—James
Ander, recently clerk in the Agency
Nevada Bank, of Virginia City, has been
arrested here, charged with the embezzlement of funds estimated from \$50,000 to
\$100,000.

Bosros, December 2.—Henry E. Dayton, a traveler for John T. Dezer, produce dealer, has been arrested on charges of forgery to the amount of \$20,000.

to the amount of \$20,000.

Sr. Louis, December 2.—The Globe-Democrat's Ft. Smith, Ark., special says: A few days ago, in Little River county, a tramp named Hilliard shota traveler from Illinois, named Farris, for his money. Farris, after being shot, rode to the nearest farm house, gave a description of the assassin and expired. A number of citizens pursued, caught and hung him to a tree.

tree.

A special to the same paper, from Boone ville, Mo., says that two men named B. C. Baker and O. S. Pitney, got into an alteration at Higbee, Mo., ou Saturday, and the latter shot and instantly killed the former. Cause, an old grudge.

Death of Bishop Wilmer.

New ORLEANS, December 2.—The Right Rev. J. P. B. Wilmer, Bishop of the diocese of Louisiana, and a native of Virdiocese of Louisiana, and a native of Virginia, age about 65 years, died suddenly at the St. Charles Hotel at 7 r. m. of apoplexy. He arrived Nov. 27th from a professional tour through North Louisiana seemingly in good health, yesterday he preached at Christ Church and administered communion. After tea this evening he went to his room with Rev. Isaac Marks, when he complained of indigestion. Mr. Marks procured some soda after which the Bishop felt better, lit a cigar and smoked a while, when he was suddenly prostrated with an attack of apoplexy. and smoked a while, when he was sudden-ly prostrated with an attack of apoplexy. A physician was sent for but the Bishop died in a few minutes. He leaves a wife and three children now resideing near Charlottesville.

One Dollar and Costs.

One Dollar and Costs.

St. Louis, December 2.—A Jefferson City. Mo., dispatch says that the case of P. P. Baker, editor of the Topeka (Ks.) Commonwealth vs. Kansas City Times for \$20,000 libel, arising out of a publication in the Times charging that Baker had countenanced and encouraged the killing of Mr. Snozze, editor of the Topeka Blade, in March of last year, was submitted to the jury of the United States Circuit Court today and a verdict for 1 dollar damages rendered for Baker. Defendent will move for a new trial.

Halifax, December 2.—Her Majesty's steamer Orontes, on her passage home from Canada, lost a man overboard. The boat's crew of thirteen, who went to the

SAN FRANCISCO, December 2.—The Bri-ish steamstrip Eskbank, from Glasgow to Portland via Honolulu struck her dia-mond head on Hawaian Island, Nov. 3. The vessel will probably get off, but her cargo is much damaged and is being taken

Seigure of Silks, &c.

New Orleans, December 2.—Special agent Weeks seized a large quanity of dry goods, silk patterns, rugs, carpets, &c., on boatd the Breman steamship Nurenburg for, violation the revenue laws. About a dozen of inspectors and a large number of watchmen were discharged in the custom house under orders from Washington.

New Omeans, December 2.—A skiff containing five boys upset by the steambest Pargoud when backing out from the landing at the foot of Canal street this evening. Three of the boys, John Eckert, Andrew Earnest and James McFarland, aged 14, 15, and 17 were drowned.

## PIRE RECORD.

DETROIT, MICH., December 2.—Henry Klews' coffee house and saloon, about a mile below the city, burned this morning. Loss, \$12,000; insurance \$6,000. The ad-joining building also burned. Loss, \$1,800. Supposed incendiary.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 2. Messrs. Anthony and Bayard were ap-pointed a committee to join the House Committee and notify the President that Congress had assembled.

BILLS INTRODUCED. Mr. Beck introduced a bill for retiring the trade dollars, and for its coinage into standard silver dollar; also to authorize the purchase of foreign built ships by the citizens of the United States. THE INDIAN QUESTION.

The Joint Commission, considering the ransfer of the Indian Bureau to the War Department, will hear Gens. Sherman and Meigs upon the subject. RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED.

By Voorhees: A resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the expediency of making the trade dollar legal tender for all debts, public and pri-vate, and of providing for its re-coinage into the standard silver dollar of 4124

Upon reassembling the message of the President was received and read. The reading concluded, the message was laid on the table and ordered printed.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

ABSENT SENATORS. The only Senators, absent to-day wer Barunm, Cockrell, Conkling, Gordan Hoar, Jones, (Nev.) Kernan, Merrion Patterson, Plumb, Sargent, Shanon, Spen cer and Whyte.

HOUSE.
OPENING OF THE SESSION.

The galleries to-day contained the customary crowd at the opening of the session of Congress. At noon Speaker Randall rapped the House to order, when the chaplain made a prayer and the roll was called called.

The roll call showed 229 members present. Two new members, Baily, of New York, and Majors, of Nevada, then took the iron clad oath, and Atkins, Cox and Garfield, were appointed to inform the President that Congress was in session. After recess the President's message was received from Private Secretary Rogers and

When the reading of the message was ended Mr. Wood, of New York, rose and moved that it be referred to the Committee of the Whole House and ordered printed; but first he desired to make comments on it. Although, as a whole, the document was highly satisfactory, yet there were some references which should be met at the earliest practicable moment. He referred to the part relating to the Southern States. He (Wood) failed to see (what all present saw) any disposition in the South to avoid or annull, in any degree, the recent constitutional amendments. He failed to see any indication in the South at any election, at any time or under any circumstances for a series of years of unwillingness to live in entire amity with the whole country in regard to laws or to government. He regretted that the President, who had commenced his administration with such a noble and patriotic position, as against the military despotism exorcised by his predecessor, should now in-

tion with such a noble and patriotic position, as against the military despotism exercised by his predecessor, should now indicate a change of policy. He had watched
with interest the course of the administration in order to see whether the President would be forced from the noble and
manly position taken by him. He knew
that there was a wing of the Republican
party dissatisfied with that position, and it
had been a matter of interest to the whole
country to know whether the President
would continuously maintain his attitude.
While the President expressed his views
in very mild and very decorous language, yet he indicated quite clearly that
the condition of things in the South was
not satisfactory to him. The President
had referred especially to the elections in
South Carolina and Louisiana. He had
been able to single out fwo States, and
there were only two isolated instances in
those States. That was an indication of vaethere were only two isolated instances in those States. That was an indication of vacthose States. That was an indication of vacilitation on the part of the Executive, and it was only because it was such an indication that he (Wood) felt it his duty to declare that this was no foundation for an allegation of wrong by the South. It was to be regretted that while the President's eves were open to the Congressional elegation.

eyes were open to the Congressional elec-tions in South Carolina and Louisiana, eyes were open to the Congressional elections in South Carolina and Louisiana, they were closed to what occurred in the City of New York on the 5th of November, where 4,000 legal voters were dragged to prison by the government officials, where thundreds of them were plunged into the vilest dens as common prisoners, and where, besides these who had been arrested, 'ten thousand other voters, had been intimidated, thus making a difference of 15,000 votes in the city of New York at the last election. The President had not seen that. The Republican press of New York at the last election. The President had not seen that the Republican press of New York had not told that to the South. He (Wood) regretted that the President, but it had pointed him to the South. He (Wood) regretted that the President had thought proper to lead his high position to the reiteration of misrepresents it organized for him by the New York press. He had the highest regard for the President, believing hint to be an honest and patriotic man. It was a matter of profound regret that the President should permit himself to be an instrument in the hands of an ultra wing of the Republican party.

GABERIAN NOCKS WOOD HIGHER THAN A

strictite for human lite and the interests and prosperity of the whole country, as to make it a subject of the gravest public content of the first of the lite of the first of the lite of

gentleman could not see that there had been any disturbance in matters of election [after a pause] except in his own State, where he had seen some signs, if not of disturbance, at least of "vacillation," in the city of his adoption and in his State, but they were not such instances of "Vacillation" as the gentlemen would have brought up in the disgussion. It did not signify that the gentleman has not seen any disturbances in the National election elsewhere. If the President had seen them, it was the President's duty to say so, and the President had said so in his message. If the President had seen them and had not said so, he would not only have been guilty of negligence, but of positive fault. The President had referred to it moderately, he had invited the attention of Congress to it. Did the gentlemen object to having his attention pointed to it in that way? Had he or any gentleman on the other side any reason why he did not wish the attention of Congress pointed to the elections in the South. For his part he welcomed such calling of attention. The Presidentought to be thanked for it by the gentleman from New York as it afforded an opportunity to him to have this "vacillation" examined into closely. He (Garfield) had had an impression made on his mind from a somewhat careful reading of the

By Blaine: A resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report to the Senate, whether at the recent elections, the constitutional rights of any citizens were violated in any State, and what further legislation is necessary to protect the citizens in their constitutional rights &c.

Resolutions providing for the Joint Committee to inquire into the cause and spread of the yellow lever, and what legislation is necessary to prevent its introduction into the country, &c.

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Recolutions providing for the Joint Committee to inquire into the cause and spread of the yellow lever, and what legislation is necessary to prevent its introduction into the country, &c.

Recess.

The Vice President laid before the Senate redentials Hon. Justian S. Morrell, re-elected United States Senator, from Vermout, for six years, from March 4,1879, Read and placed on file.

THE MESSAGE RECEIVED.

Upon reassembling the message of the President was received and read. The President was received and read. The oped they would not stifle investigation

A WEAK INSINUATION.

hoped they would not stifle investigation.

A WEAK INSINUATION.

Mr. Wood defended the position he had taken, and repeated his expression of regret that the President had picked out two cases and deemed them of sufficient importance to present them to the world in his annual message. It was an indication that the ultra wing of the Republican party was forcing the Executive to aid it in displaying the bloody shirt so that the party could hold on to its illegal power and continue that power by the plunder of the Treasury.

No DIVISION ON CONSTITUTIONAL MIGHTS.

Mr. Hale said it was alleged by the gentleman from New York that the President had been dragooned by the radical wing of the Republican party into the course indicated in his message, and that that wing of the party was likely to control the administration. He would tell the gentleman that on the great and fundamental doctrine of protection of the citizen in all his rights, there was no radical nor conservative wing in the Republican party; but there was one party in the land united to a man on the proposition that an American citizen, North, South, and everywhere, should be protected in the exercise of his Constitutional rights.

Mr. Cox, of New York, asked if the gentlemen from Ohio and Maine failed to remember how the "Tapeworm" ticket of California had been run by the Navy Yard. Had they denounced "Tapeworm politics?" Not much. He (Cox) shrunk from no investigation into any election, North or South.

Mr. Townsend, of New York, made some remark which was not heard

The Cub Lions Still on their Roaming.
Ortawa, December 2.— Although a
drizzling rain continued from early morning until the arrival of the vice Regal train
it did not dampen in the slightest degree
the emotions aroused in the hearts of the
people of Ottawa Valley. The city was
full of strangers, who flocked from every
part, and with citizens of all classes, joined in one grand outburst of enthusiasm, a fitting culmination to the series of princely greatings which have marked the progress of the Viceroyal train. Welcome was broad, hearty and generous, and demonstrated in an unmis-takable manner the loyalty of the Eastern

Trade Deliars Coming Back.

San Francisco, December 2.—The Bulletin this evening publishes the following telegram received by a banker of this city. Large purchase of trade dollars have been made in Hong Kong, for shipment to New York and San Francisco. A shipment of 200,000 has arrived in England en route to New York on account of Seligman Bros. Further shipments are on way and to be shipped per Belgie, leaving Hong Kong this week. These shipments have been sold for arrival by Hong Kong and Shanghal banking corporations and comptior discompte. There is every prospect of whole unchopped trade dollars in China finding their way back to this country. Buyers are money brokers at the present rate of exchange in China. Bankers are enabled to lay down trade dollars in San Francisco at 924 cents each. This telegram confirms the information received by bankers here some days ago. It is further reported here that Congressman Beck will at an early day introduce a bill in the House providing for redemption of trade dollars.

Benner Relief Fund.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE BUDGET DISCUSSION.

foreign office estimates, notwithstanding Andrassy declared it would be a formal declaration of want of confidence.

A special from Berlinsays: Herr Most, a member of the Reichstag, who is now in prison, has been ordered to quit Berlin when his term shall have expired. He and several others similarly situated have resolved to emigrate to the United States

TURKEY.

SULEIMAN PASILA. CONSTANTINOPLE, December 2.—Suleims Pasha has been degraded and sentence to confinement in a fortress for his condu luring the war. The Russians

places in the vicinity of Demitisa. BATTLE FOUGHT AT MEDJID.

London, December 2—A correspondent at Constantinople says: A battle has been fought at Medjid between the troops and Arab insurgents. The latter were defeated, and lost a quantity of ma-GERMANY.

THE IMPERIAL RECEPTION.

Berlin, December 2.—Preparations on a grand scale are making for a reception of the Emperor Thursday next. Bismarck will remain in the country, his physicians advising perfect rest. Gortschakoff will be present at the reception of the Em-SWITZERLAND.

NO MORE NUNCTOS WANTED.

London, December 2.—A Geneva espondent says: The Swiss Confedence overnment has informed the Cati

Cantons that it is determined not to ceive another Papal Nuncio. THE AFGHAN WAR. EXAGGERATED REPORTS.

CALCUTTA, December 2.—The trouble of Kyber Pass was greatly exaggerated. single officer rode the entire length of the

SKIRMISHING REPORTED. Belgrade, December 2.—Several skir-nishes occurred between Albanians and Servian outposts, and some men were killed and wounded.

COUNT VON BEUST. Paris, December 2.—Count Von Buer presented his credentials as Austrian Am ssador to France.

clearing house, agreeing to receive silvas legal dollars only as special depos payable in kind, and deem it inexpedie

Hoos—Receipts 7,860; total for the week 5 600 against 14,915 last week. Yorkers \$2 70 25,600, against 4,905 last week. Yorkers \$2.70 az 80; Philadelphias \$2,003 10.

Sterr-Receipts 2,100 head; total for the week 6,100, against 3,300 last week. Supply light and market active; and all sold at prices 25 cents higher than last week.

Chicago Cattle Market. CHICAGO, December 2.—The Drovers' Jour-

nal reports : Hogs—Receipts 35,000 head; shipments 2,400 Hoda—Receipts 35,000 nead; snipments 2.500 head. Market lower; choice heavy \$2.80a.05; light \$2.60a.270; mixed \$2.60a.280. CATTLE—Receipts 3,800 head; shipments 1,100 head; snipply liberal; market a shade off; shipping \$2.40a.475; feeders and stockers \$2.35 a 310; butchers' lower; cows \$2.00a.30; steers \$2.70a.3.20; bulls \$2.00a.2.40; closed easy with Sherr—Receipts 480; shipments 400; un-changed.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, New Orleans.

New Orleans, December 2.—Coffee—Steady with a fair demand; Rio cargoes, ordinary to prime 12a15%; gold. Sugar—Fair demand; inferior to good common 4½44%; common to 'good common 4½65½; yellow clarified 6½67%; Molasses—Demand fair and prices higher; common 20a2e; fair 23a24c. Rice—Active,firm and higher; Louisiana ordinary to choice 5½6½c. Toledo.

Toledo, December 2.—Wheat—Firm; amber Michigan spot 94%c asked; 94%c bid; sales December and January 86c; No. 2 red winter spot 95c asked; 94%c bid; sales December.

Petroleum Market.

Financial and Commercial.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Pive-Iwenties (1000).
New Fives.
New Four and a halfs (ex-div.).
New Fours.
Ten-Forties.
Coupons.
Currency Sixes (ex-div).

100%; carrying rates 1a6 per cent; borrowing rates 1 to flat.

RAILBOAD BONDS—Generally strong.

STATE BONDS—Oll; Louisiana consols 1¾ lower. The stock market was weak early in the day, and prices declined 2)½ on Delaware & Hudson and ¼ to 1¼ per cent for the rest of the list, but during the afternoon a better tone prevailed, and there was an advance to ⅓a1¾ per cent. The principal activity was in Northwestern, St. Paul, Western Union and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western.

Transactions aggregated 164,000 shares, of which 3,000 shares were Eric, 34,000 Lake Shore, 20,000 Northwestern common, 7,600 preferred, 34,000 Lackawanna, 3,000 Delaware & Hudson, 3,000 Morris & Essex, 3,000 Union 2acific, 5,400 C., C. & I. C., 6,000 Western Union and 2,500 St. Louis, Kansas City & Union and 2,500 St. Louis, Kansas City &

were the stand out of the	0 - 11 - 011 - 01440 - 11 - 011
Union and 2,500 St.	Louis, Kansas City
Northern.	
Western Union 95%	C. C. C. & I 8
Quicksilver 1052	New Jersey Central 2
Quickstiver pfd 33	Rock Island11
Pacific Mail 1434	St. Paul 3
Mariposa	St. Paul preferred 7
Mariposa pfd 252	Wabaah 2
Adams Express106	Fort Wayne 9
Wells, Fargo'& Co 28%	Terre Haute
American 49%	Terre Haute pfd
United States 47	Chicago & Alton 7
New York Central11134	Chicago & Alton pfd10
Brie 18%	Ohlo & Mississippi
Erie preferred 323	Delaware & Lacka 6
Harlem140	A. & P. Telegraph 2
Michigan Central 6836	Missouri Pacific
Panama121	Burlington & Quincy, 11
Union Pacific 65%1	Hannibal & St. Joe 1
Lake Shore 69%	Hannibal & St. Joe pfd 3
Illipois Central 7634	Central Pacific bonds 10
Pittsburgh 8132	Union Pacific bonds10
Northwestern com 47%	Land Grants10
Northwestern pld 77%	U. P. sinking fund10

New York.

Baltimore.

Wheat—Western active and firm;

No. 2 Pennsylvania rel \$1 07 ½; No. 2 western

winter red, spot and December \$1 04 ½; Janu
ary \$10 0½ at 05 ½. Corn—Western quiet aud

steady; western mixed spot and December,

old, 40½, spot and December, new, 45c; Jan
day 45 ½ 40½; c; steamer 30 ½. Cota—Dull

and easier; western white and mixed un
thanged; Pennsylvania 20a20c. Rye—Quiet
and nominal, Hay-Dull and heavy; prime

Pennsylvania 11a12c. Provisions—Very quiet
and nominally unchanged. Butter—Very

quiet and easy; choice western, packed, 16a

18c; rolls 15a17c. Petroleum—More inquiry

and firmer; crude 7½ ary 5c; refined 8½ abc.

Coffee — Quiet and nominal; Rio cargoes 11½

a16c. Whisky—Dull at \$1.00.

Philadelphia.

that its emission and circulation in a larger quantity will be productive of manifold of evils; nevertheless it is the lawful dollar and no action of banks discrediting and disregarding it, can prevent its use amoney, but these considerations impose on Congress the duty as it has the power on Congress the duty as it has the power on Congress the duty as it has the power on Congress the duty as it has the power in the evil referred to by legislation, establishing an equality of the value of gold and silver and United States notes.

\*\*Raty Did Pick Up a Sang.\*\*

Mempilis, December 2.—The steamer of gold and silver and United States notes.

\*\*Maty Did Pick Up a Sang.\*\*

Mempilis, December 2.—The steamer of gold and silver and lower store. Bardiord county, Pa., extras 2 la22c; western 364c. Butter—Quiet; New York State and Bardiord county, Pa., extras 2 la22c; western 25a26c. Cheese—Western 7a34c. Peroleum—Firm; refined 8/4c; crude 7½c.

Washington D. G. Tarabas and Dower States and Bardiord county, Pa., extras 2 la22c; western 25a26c. Cheese—Western 7a34c. Peroleum—Firm; refined 8/4c; crude 7½c.

Washington D. G. Tarabas and Bardiord county, Pa., extras 2 la22c; western 7a34c. Peroleum—Firm; refined 8/4c; crude 7½c.

Washington D. G. Tarabas and Bardiord county, Pa., extras 2 la22c; Whisky—Nominally unchanged.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati.

Weather Indications.

Weather Indications.

Washington, D. C., December 3—1. A.M.
—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, partly cloudy weather, warm southerly winds, falling barometer, followed in west portions by rising barometer and colder northwest winds.

For Lower Lakes, warmer and cloudy weather, with rain areas, westerly winds, backing to southerly and rising followed by falling barometer.

\*\*Allegheny Cattle.\*\*

\*\*Bar Lierry, December 2.—Cattle—Recipits since Friday 1,071 head of through and 1,713 of local istal for the week ending this day 3,054 head of through and 1,646 of local, squinst 3,296 head of through and 1,646 of local, against 3,296 head of through and 1,646 of local istal for the week Feeling good.

Hoos—Receipts 7,860; total for the week (Feeling good.

Hoos—Receipts 7,860; total for the week (Cattle and week - Feeling good.

Other Cattle and Francisc part of the week of the control of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the first of the week (Cattle and Francisc) and the first of the f

Chicago.

Chicago, December 2.—Flour—Dull and unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 red winter 87c; No. 2 Chicago spring 83c cash; 83c bid December; 83%c January; No. 3, 69a70c; rejected 55a65%c. Oats—Qulet and weak; 20c cash; 20½a20½c January; rejected 17c. Corn—In fair demand, but at lower rates; 30%c cash and December; 31%c January; rejected 27c. Rye—Qulet and unchanged at 44½c. Barley—Dull and prices a shade lower; 35c cash; extra No. 3, 48½a 53½c. Pork—In good demand, but at lower rates; 35 60 cash; 86 00a605 December; 37 87½ ar 90 January; 88 00 February. Lard—Dull and prices a shade lower; 35 c2½ cash; \$5 72½ as 75 January; \$5 72½ as 57 5braury. Bulk Meats—Dull and prices lower at \$2 75a3 80a 4 00. Whisky—Quiet and unchanged.

Baltimore Live Stock Market. Baltimore Live Stock Market.

Baltimore Live Stock Market.

Baltimore. December 2.— Cattle.—The market has been lightly supplied and more active with an advance of ¼α¾ς; very best ¼¾αδς; first quality ¾α¾4%ς medium ¾¼α ¾¼ς; ordinary 2½α3¾ς; most of the sales were at 3½α4½ς. Receipts 1,621; sales 1,080.

Hose—Fairly active and fully ¼c higher. Quotations 3¾α¾¼ς. Receipts 6,274.

1/81rgrs—Receipts 1,127. Quotations at 3a¼ ¼½c. Active trade.

Dry Goods.

New York, December 2.—Business dull to day on account of the rainy weather. Cotton goods quiet but fairly steady. Prints continue dull, and Allen's prints, staples, &c., are reduced by agents. Ginghams quiet and unset duced by agents. Ginghams quiet and unset-tied in price. Men's wear woolens moving slowly, and cloakings and flannels in light de-mand.

CHARLES E. DWIGHT,

PRACTICAL CHEMIST. prepared to make careful and complet

LABORATORY, COR. 24TH AND CHAPLINE STR.,

Petroleum Market.

Pittsaunon, December 30.—Petroleum—
Quiet; crude unsteady at \$1 18½ at Parker's for immediate shipment; refined at 9c, Philiphia delivery.

London, December 2.—Petroleum—Redokter in store and for ship shore; "Bellaire Pavorite," Ministeora Star," and other leading brands in store and for ship shore in the leading brands in store and for ship shore.

M. REILLY,